SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under Section 11 of the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988 (IGRA) Pub. L. 100–497, 25 U.S.C. § 2710, the Secretary of the Interior shall publish in the Federal Register notice of approved Tribal-State compacts for the purpose of engaging in Class III gaming activities on Indian lands. The Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs, Department of the Interior, through her delegated authority, has approved the Tribal-State Compact between the Navajo Nation, a federally recognized Indian Tribe, and the State of New Mexico. This Compact is identical in substance to the 2001 New Mexico Compacts that were approved by the New Mexico Legislature by joint resolution on March 12, 2001. The Nation shall pay to the State an amount equal to 8 percent of the Net Win in return for which the State agrees that the Nation has the exclusive right within the State to conduct all types of Class III gaming, with the sole exception of the use of Gaming Machines permitted for racetracks and for veterans and fraternal organizations.

Dated: January 2, 2004.

Aurene M. Martin,

Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs.

[FR Doc. 04–1023 Filed 1–15–04; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–4N–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Indian Affairs

Indian Gaming

AGENCY: Bureau of Indian Affairs, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of approved Class III Gaming Compact.

SUMMARY: Under Section 11 of the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988 (IGRA) Pub. L. 100–497, 25 U.S.C. § 2710, the Secretary of the Interior shall publish in the Federal Register, notice of the approved Tribal-State compacts for the purpose of engaging in Class III gaming activities on Indian lands. The Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs, Department of the Interior, through her delegated authority, has approved the Tribal-State Compact between the Torres-Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians, a federally recognized Indian Tribe, and the State of California. The Compact contemplates two gaming facilities, one in Imperial County and one in Riverside County. The Imperial County site would be a 350-machine Gaming Facility. The Compact requires a 5 percent payment of net win from the operation of gaming devices to the State for the exclusive right to operate Class III gaming devices in the State of California, and, as part of the Tribe's commitment to mitigate any significant, adverse impacts resulting from casino development, the Tribe and the State, through Imperial and Riverside County, have agreed to conclude one or more written agreements. All such agreements shall be concluded prior to the commencement of the Project, and shall provide for the identification and implementation of feasible mitigation measures and feasible project alternatives concerning problem and pathological gambling and significant environmental effects.

EFFECTIVE DATE: January 16, 2004.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: George T. Skibine, Director, Office of Indian Gaming Management, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Washington, DC 20240, (202) 219–4066.

Dated: January 7, 2004.

Aurene M. Martin,

Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary—Indian Affairs.

[FR Doc. 04–1024 Filed 1–15–04; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310–4N–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[CA–330–03–1610–00]

Notice of Availability of a Draft Resource Management Plan and Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the King Range National Conservation Area

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management (BLM).

ACTION: Notice of availability.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, and under authority of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, and the King Range Act of 1970, the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) has prepared a Draft Resource Management Plan (RMP)/Draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the King Range National Conservation Area (NCA). The planning area, which consists of the King Range NCA and adjoining BLM public lands, encompasses approximately 62,000 acres in Humboldt and Mendocino Counties, California. The Draft RMP/Draft EIS provides direction and guidance for the management of public lands and resources within the Planning Area as well as monitoring and evaluation requirements.

DATES: Written comments on the Draft RMP/Draft EIS will be accepted for 90 days following the Environmental Protection Agency's publication of the Notice of Availability for this Draft RMP/Draft EIS in the Federal Register. Future public meetings and any other public involvement activities will be announced at least 15 days in advance through public notices, media news releases, the project Web site at *http://www.ca.blm.gov/arcata/*, and/or mailings.

ADDRESSES: Written comments should be sent to Bob Wick, Bureau of Land Management, Planning and Environmental Coordinator, Arcata Field Office, 1695 Heindon Rd, Arcata, CA 95521; Fax (707) 825–2301 or email (*caweb330@ca.blm.gov*).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The King Range Act of 1970 (Pub.L. 91–476) established the King Range National Conservation Area. The Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (Pub.L. 94–579) expanded the area to its present size of approximately 62,000 acres. The King Range Act requires development of "a comprehensive, balanced, and coordinated plan of land use, development, and management of the Area." The act also states "that the plan will be reviewed and reevaluated periodically." The original plan was completed in 1974, and the present planning effort is the first comprehensive update.

Five scoping meetings were held to solicit input for draft plan formulation. Three of these meetings were held in the communities surrounding the King Range. The other two meetings were held in Eureka and San Francisco. Public input during the scoping process identified 7 issue areas for analysis in the RMP/EIS. The Draft RMP/Draft EIS examines four alternatives that respond to these issues. The issues include: Recreation and Visitor Use, Education/Interpretation, Resource Conservation and Management, Fire Management, Transportation/Access, and Community Involvement. Alternative A is the No Action (current management) Alternative. Alternatives B, C and D present a range of management scenarios with varying amounts of natural resource restoration/use and differing levels of recreation use and facilities. The Preferred Alternative is a combination of components from Alternatives B, C and D.

Please note that comments, including names and street addresses of respondents, are available for public review and/or release under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA). Individual respondents may request

United States Department of the Interior

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
Washington, D.C. 20240

NOV 26 2003

The Honorable Raymond Torres
Chairman, Torres-Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indian Tribe
PO Box 1160
Thermal, California 92274

Dear Chairman Torres:

On October 15, 2003, we received the Tribal-State Compact between the Torres-Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indian Tribe (Tribe) and the State of California. We have completed our review of the Compact and conclude that it does not violate the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988 (IGRA), federal law, or our trust obligation to Indians. Therefore, pursuant to delegated authority and Section 11 of IGRA, based on a full review of the record and the law, we approve the Compact. The Compact will take effect when notice of its approval is published in the *Federal Register*, pursuant to 25 U.S.C. § 2710(d)(3)(B).

We advised the Tribe and the State that we had some concerns with Section 10.8.1 of the Compact. Section 10.8.1 requires written agreements with Riverside County, the City of Coachella, and Imperial County addressing significant environmental, economic, and social effects stemming from gaming activities before the Tribe can build its gaming facilities. The provision does not, however, provide for binding arbitration if the counties or the City refuses to negotiate the agreements or does not negotiate in good faith. By letter dated November 23, 2003, the Tribe addressed our concerns regarding this provision. We agree with the Tribe that the requirements for concurrence by the City of Coachella and/or Riverside County before the Secretary can take land in trust for the Tribe under the Torres-Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians Claims Settlement Act, 25 U.S.C. § 1778d, are unique to the Tribe and warrant special treatment. In addition, the absence of a waiver of sovereign immunity with respect to local governments, and the existence of a general arbitration clause in the Compact to resolve issues between the Tribe and the State would operate to require arbitration with the State under that clause regarding any dispute over local agreements.

We wish the Tribe and the State success in their economic venture.

Sincerely,

Aurene M Martin

Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary - Indian Affairs

Similar letter sent to: The Honorable Arnold Schwarzenegger
Governor of California
State Capital
Sacramento, California 95814

TRIBAL-STATE COMPACT

BETWEEN THE

TORRES-MARTINEZ DESERT CAHUILLA INDIANS

AND THE

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

TRIBAL-STATE GAMING COMPACT
Between the
TORRES-MARTINEZ DESERT CAHUILLA INDIANS,
a federally recognized Indian Tribe,
and the
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

This Tribal-State Gaming Compact is entered into on a government-to-government basis by and between the Torres-Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians, a federally-recognized sovereign Indian tribe, listed in the Federal Register as the Torres-Martinez Band of Cahuilla Mission Indians, (hereafter "Torres-Martinez Tribe" or "Tribe,"), and the State of California, a sovereign State of the United States (hereafter "State"), pursuant to the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988 (P.L. 100-497, codified at 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1166 et seq. and 25 U.S.C. Sec. 2701 et seq.) (hereafter "IGRA"), and any successor statute or amendments.

PREAMBLE

A. The State enters into this Compact at this time in recognition that the Torres-Martinez Tribe (1) communicated its interest in a compact within two months after compacts were signed in 1999 with other California Indian Tribes; (2) possesses Indian lands as defined by IGRA; (3) will operate no more than 350 Gaming Devices at this time on its existing reservation land in Township Seven South, Range Nine East, Section Thirty-Four in Imperial County; and (4) by virtue of a settlement entered into with the Federal Government and a unique Act of Congress, may acquire additional, specifically identified, land in Riverside County adjacent to Interstate 10 in the vicinity of its existing reservation for the purpose of building a second Gaming Facility; and when that land is taken into trust, the Torres-Martinez Tribe will be allowed to operate additional Gaming Devices.

B. The State enters into this Compact out of respect for the unique history of the Torres-Martinez Tribe arising out of the inundation of the Torres-Martinez Tribe's reservation land by the Salton Sea and in recognition of the Torres-Martinez Tribe's long-standing request for a compact with the State.

C. The inundation of the Torres-Martinez Tribe's reservation land by the Salton Sea led to lawsuits, resolution of the lawsuits through a settlement agreement among the Torres-Martinez Tribe, the United States and others, federal legislation that approved, ratified and confirmed the settlement agreement, and identification of acquisition areas within which the Torres-Martinez Tribe may acquire land to be

conveyed into trust status. The Torres-Martinez Tribe represents that it is negotiating for an option contract to purchase specific land within the Secondary Acquisition Area, and is negotiating agreements with Riverside and Imperial Counties and the City of Coachella with respect to proposed Gaming Facilities on land that is currently in trust and land within the acquisition area for which the Torres-Martinez Tribe is negotiating an option contract.

D. The Torres-Martinez Reservation, located in the Coachella Valley, California, at the northern end of the Salton Basin, was established by Executive Order on May 15, 1876, reserving a single section (640 acres) of land for the use and benefit of the Torres-Martinez Tribe. The Reservation was expanded by an Executive Order issued on December 19, 1891, pursuant to the Mission Indian Relief Act of 1891, adding to the Reservation about 12,000 acres of lands situated between the mountain foothills and the Salton Sink which at its lowest point measures approximately 275 feet below sea level.

E. From 1905 to 1907, the flood waters of the Colorado River filled the Salton Sink, creating the Salton Sea and inundating a portion of the 1891 Torres-Martinez Reservation lands. In 1909, an additional 12,000 acres of land, 9,000 of which were then submerged under the Salton Sea, were added to the Torres-Martinez Reservation under an Executive Order issued pursuant to a 1907 amendment to the Mission Relief Act. Due to receding water levels in the Salton Sea through the process of evaporation at the time of the second enlargement of the Reservation in 1909, there were some expectations that the Salton Sea would recede within a period of 25 years. To date, the majority of the lands added to the Reservation in 1909 remains inundated.

F. In 1982, the United States brought an action in trespass in the United States District Court, Southern District of California, in its own right and on behalf of the Torres-Martinez Tribe for past damages related to the inundation of the Torres-Martinez Reservation and injunctive relief to prevent future discharge of water on such lands.

G. In 1988, Congress enacted IGRA as the federal statute governing Indian gaming in the United States. The purposes of IGRA are to provide a statutory basis for the operation of gaming by Indian tribes as a means of promoting tribal economic development, self-sufficiency, and strong tribal governments; to provide a statutory basis for regulation of Indian gaming adequate to shield it from organized crime and other corrupting influences; to ensure that the Indian tribe is the primary beneficiary of the gaming operation; to ensure that gaming is conducted fairly and honestly by both the operator and players; and to declare that the establishment of an independent federal regulatory authority for gaming on Indian

lands, federal standards for gaming on Indian lands, and a National Indian Gaming Commission are necessary to meet congressional concerns.

H. The system of regulation of Indian gaming fashioned by Congress in IGRA rests on an allocation of regulatory jurisdiction among the three sovereigns involved: the federal government, the state in which a tribe has land, and the tribe itself. IGRA makes Class III gaming activities lawful on the lands of federally-recognized Indian tribes only if such activities are: (1) authorized by a tribal ordinance, (2) located in a state that permits such gaming for any purpose by any person, organization or entity, and (3) conducted in conformity with a gaming compact entered into between the Indian tribe and the state and approved by the Secretary of the Interior.

I. In 1991, the Torres-Martinez Tribe brought a separate lawsuit in the United States District Court, Southern District of California, raising issues related to those included in the United States' suit referred to in paragraph F, above.

J. On August 20, 1992, the United States District Court, Southern District of California entered a judgment in favor of the United States in the matter brought by the United States in 1982 on behalf of itself and the Torres-Martinez Tribe. The parties subsequently filed notices of appeal with the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit from the district court's judgment. The Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit thereafter stayed further action on the appeals submitted pending the outcome of settlement negotiations.

K. As of June 18, 1996, the United States, the Torres-Martinez Tribe and all other parties entered into a settlement agreement as a compromise and final settlement of all issues and claims in both lawsuits. (*See* Settlement Agreement, attached hereto as Appendix A.) Pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, the Torres-Martinez Tribe received approximately $14 million.

L. Pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, the United States also agreed to convey into trust status for the benefit of the Torres-Martinez Tribe up to 11,800 acres of land located within Primary and Secondary Acquisition Areas identified in the Settlement Agreement. The Primary Acquisition Area is not to exceed 11,800 acres less the number of acres of land the Torres-Martinez Tribe acquires within the Secondary Acquisition Area. The Secondary Acquisition Area is not to exceed 640 acres. (*See* Map and Description of Primary and Secondary Acquisition Areas, attached hereto as Appendix B.)

M. The Settlement Agreement also required the United States, the Torres-Martinez Tribe and others to support the introduction and enactment of legislation to implement the Settlement Agreement. In 2000, the "Torres-Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians Claims Settlement Act" ("Federal Legislation") was passed into law. (*See* 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1778-1778h, attached hereto as Appendix C.)

N. The Federal Legislation was an expression of Congressional intent to allow the Torres-Martinez Tribe to expedite its economic development by conducting large-scale Class III gaming on one site located on the land to be taken into trust pursuant to the Settlement Agreement and the Federal Legislation in light of the delays to its economic development resulting from the inundation of its tribal lands. For this reason, any land taken into trust pursuant to the Settlement Agreement and the Federal Legislation will be deemed, by federal law, to have been taken into trust as of 1909.

O. The foregoing circumstances are among those that establish the relationship between the Torres-Martinez Tribe and the State as unique.

P. The Torres-Martinez Tribe does not currently operate a gaming facility that offers Class III Gaming Activities. However, on or after the effective date of this Compact, the Torres-Martinez Tribe will develop and operate a gaming facility with up to 350 Gaming Devices in Township Seven South, Range Nine East, Section Thirty-Four, in Imperial County (the "Imperial County Project"). (*See* Map and Description of Class III Gaming Site (the Imperial County Project) attached hereto as Appendix D.) Subject to the terms and conditions of this Compact set forth below, the Torres-Martinez Tribe may also offer Class III Gaming activities on one additional site on land acquired within the Secondary Acquisition Area under the Settlement Agreement for gaming purposes (the "Riverside County Project"). When that land is taken into trust, the Torres-Martinez Tribe will be allowed to operate a combined total of up to 2,000 Gaming Devices distributed between the two locations.

Q. The Torres-Martinez Tribe and the State share an interest in mitigating off-reservation impacts of gaming activities. In addition, the Settlement Agreement and the Federal Legislation give the City of Coachella and Riverside County the ability to prevent the purchase of land by the Torres-Martinez Tribe. For these reasons, the Torres-Martinez Tribe and the State believe it is in the best interests of the Torres-Martinez Tribe and the State for the Torres-Martinez Tribe to enter into enforceable and binding agreements with Riverside and Imperial Counties and the City of Coachella to address off-reservation impacts of the Torres-Martinez Tribe's Gaming Activities.

R. The exclusive rights that the Torres-Martinez Tribe will enjoy under this Compact create a unique opportunity for the Torres-Martinez Tribe to operate its Gaming Facility in an economic environment free of competition from the Class III gaming referred to in Section 4.0 of this Compact on non-Indian lands in California. The parties are mindful that this unique economic environment is of great value to the Torres-Martinez Tribe and the fact that income from Gaming Devices will represent a substantial portion of the Torres-Martinez Tribe's

revenues. The parties are also mindful of the fact that the State will bear costs directly related to the regulation and operation of Gaming Activities. In consideration for the exclusive rights enjoyed by the Torres-Martinez Tribe, and in further consideration for the State's willingness to enter into this Compact, and to bear such costs, and in light of the meaningful concessions offered by the State in good faith negotiations, the Torres-Martinez Tribe has agreed to provide to the State, on a sovereign-to-sovereign basis, a portion of its revenue from Gaming Devices.

S. The State has a legitimate interest in promoting the purposes of IGRA for all federally recognized Indian tribes in California, whether gaming or non-gaming. The State also has a legitimate sovereign interest in regulating the growth of Class III Gaming Activities in California. The Torres-Martinez Tribe and the State share a joint sovereign interest in ensuring that tribal gaming activities are free from criminal and other undesirable elements.

T. The State also enters into this Compact out of a respect for the sentiment of the voters of California who, in approving Propositions 5 and 1A, expressed their belief that the forms of gaming authorized herein should be allowed.

U. The parties to this Compact recognize each other's respective lawful governmental interests, and further recognize that any and all obligations, waivers of jurisdictional immunities or agreements to abide by governmental laws and regulations arising from this Compact are solely by means of this contractual agreement, which is an exercise of the governmental authority of the parties. Except as provided in this Compact, nothing herein contained shall be construed as actual or implied derogation or shall be applied so as to hinder, any and all powers of internal self-government of the Torres-Martinez Tribe or the State of California, or their respective governmental standing.

Section 1.0. PURPOSES AND OBJECTIVES.

The terms of this Compact are designed and intended to:

(a) Evidence the goodwill and cooperation of the Torres-Martinez Tribe and the State in fostering a mutually respectful government-to-government relationship that will serve the mutual interests of the parties.

(b) Develop and implement a means of regulating Class III gaming, and only Class III gaming, on the Torres-Martinez Tribe's Indian lands to ensure its fair and honest operation in accordance with IGRA, and through that regulated Class III gaming, enable the Torres-Martinez Tribe to develop self-sufficiency, promote tribal economic development, and generate jobs and revenues to support the Torres-Martinez Tribe's government and governmental services and programs.

(c) Promote ethical practices in conjunction with that gaming, through the licensing and control of persons and entities employed in, or providing goods and services to, the Torres-Martinez Tribe's Gaming Operation and protecting against the presence or participation of persons whose criminal backgrounds, reputations, character, or associations make them unsuitable for participation in gaming, thereby maintaining a high level of integrity in tribal government gaming.

Sec. 2.0. DEFINITIONS.

Sec. 2.1. "Applicant" means an individual or entity that applies for a Torres-Martinez Tribal license or State certification.

Sec. 2.2. "Association" means an association of California tribal and state gaming regulators, the membership of which comprises up to two representatives from each tribal gaming agency of those tribes with whom the State has a gaming compact under IGRA, and up to two delegates each from the Division of Gambling Control in the California Department of Justice and the California Gambling Control Commission.

Sec. 2.3. "Class III gaming" means the forms of Class III gaming defined as such in 25 U.S.C. Sec. 2703(8) and by regulations of the National Indian Gaming Commission.

Sec. 2.3.1. "Coordinator" means the Office of the American Indian Coordinator in the Office of the Governor.

Sec. 2.3.2. "Federal Legislation" means Public Law 106-568, codified at 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1778 et seq.

Sec. 2.4. "Gaming Activities" means the Class III gaming activities authorized under this Gaming Compact.

Sec. 2.5. "Gaming Compact" or "Compact" means this compact.

Sec. 2.6. "Gaming Device" means a slot machine, including an electronic, electromechanical, electrical, or video device that, for consideration, permits: individual play with or against that device or the participation in any electronic, electromechanical, electrical, or video system to which that device is connected; the playing of games thereon or therewith, including, but not limited to, the playing of facsimiles of games of chance or skill; the possible delivery of, or entitlement by the player to, a prize or something of value as a result of the application of an element of chance; and a method for viewing the outcome, prize won, and other information regarding the playing of games thereon or therewith.

Sec. 2.7. "Gaming Employee" means any natural person who (a) operates, maintains, repairs, assists in any Class III gaming activity, or is in any way responsible for supervising such Gaming Activities or persons who conduct,

operate, account for, or supervise any such gaming activity, (b) is in a category under federal or tribal gaming law requiring licensing, (c) is an employee of the Tribal Gaming Agency with access to confidential information, or (d) is a person whose employment duties require or authorize access to areas of the Gaming Facility that are not open to the public.

Sec. 2.8. "Gaming Facility" or "Facility" means any building in which Class III gaming activities or gaming operations occur, or in which the business records, receipts, or other funds of the gaming operation are maintained (but excluding offsite facilities primarily dedicated to storage of those records, and financial institutions), and all rooms, buildings, and areas, including parking lots and walkways, a principal purpose of which is to serve the activities of the Gaming Operation, provided that nothing herein prevents the conduct of Class II gaming (as defined under IGRA) therein.

Sec. 2.9. "Gaming Operation" means the business enterprise that offers and operates Class III Gaming Activities, whether exclusively or otherwise.

Sec. 2.10. "Gaming Ordinance" means a tribal ordinance or resolution duly authorizing the conduct of Class III Gaming Activities on the Torres-Martinez Tribe's Indian lands and approved under IGRA.

Sec. 2.11. "Gaming Resources" means any goods or services provided or used in connection with Class III Gaming Activities, whether exclusively or otherwise, including, but not limited to, equipment, furniture, gambling devices and ancillary equipment, implements of gaming activities such as playing cards and dice, furniture designed primarily for Class III gaming activities, maintenance or security equipment and services, and Class III gaming consulting services. "Gaming Resources" does not include professional accounting and legal services.

Sec. 2.12. "Gaming Resource Supplier" means any person or entity who, directly or indirectly, manufactures, distributes, supplies, vends, leases, or otherwise purveys Gaming Resources to the Gaming Operation or Gaming Facility, provided that the Tribal Gaming Agency may exclude a purveyor of equipment or furniture that is not specifically designed for, and is distributed generally for use other than in connection with, Gaming Activities, if the purveyor is not otherwise a Gaming Resource Supplier as described by of Section 6.4.5, the compensation received by the purveyor is not grossly disproportionate to the value of the goods or services provided, and the purveyor is not otherwise a person who exercises a significant influence over the Gambling Operation.

Sec. 2.13. "IGRA" means the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988 (P.L. 100-497, 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1166 et seq. and 25 U.S.C. Sec. 2701 et seq.) any amendments thereto, and all regulations promulgated thereunder.

Sec. 2.13.1. "Imperial County Project" means the Gaming Facility that will be developed and operated by the Torres-Martinez Tribe in Township Seven South, Range Nine East, Section Thirty-Four in Imperial County, as identified in Appendix D, and in which the Torres-Martinez Tribe will operate not more than 350 Gaming Devices.

Sec. 2.14. "Management Contractor" means any Gaming Resource Supplier with whom the Torres-Martinez Tribe has contracted for the management of any Gaming Activity or Gaming Facility, including, but not limited to, any person who would be regarded as a management contractor under IGRA.

Sec. 2.15. "Net Win" means "net win" as defined by American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.[1]

Sec. 2.16. "NIGC" means the National Indian Gaming Commission.

Sec. 2.16.1. "Riverside County Project" means the one additional Gaming Facility that may be developed and operated by the Torres-Martinez Tribe on land acquired in Riverside County in the Secondary Acquisition Area under the Settlement Agreement.

Sec. 2.16.2. "Secondary Acquisition Area" has the meaning given it in the Settlement Agreement and the Federal Legislation.

Sec. 2.16.3. "Settlement Agreement" means the "Agreement of Compromise And Settlement Concerning Claims To Lands Of The United States Within And On The Perimeter Of The Salton Sea Drainage Reservoir Held In Trust For The Torres-Martinez Indians", originally made as of June 18, 1996 by and between the United States of America in its own right and on behalf of the Torres-Martinez Band of Mission Indians (sic), the Torres-Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians and others; as amended from time to time between then and now.

Sec. 2.17. "State" means the State of California or an authorized official or agency thereof designated by this Compact or by the Governor.

Sec. 2.18. "State Gaming Agency" means the entities authorized to investigate, approve, and regulate gaming licenses and regulate gaming pursuant to the Gambling Control Act (Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 19800) of Division 8 of the Business and Professions Code).

Sec. 2.19. "Tribal Chairperson" means the person duly elected under the Torres-Martinez Tribe's Constitution to serve as the primary spokesperson for the Torres-Martinez Tribe.

Sec. 2.20. "Tribal Gaming Agency" means the person, agency, board, committee, commission, or council designated under tribal law, including, but not limited to, an intertribal gaming regulatory agency approved to fulfill those

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1 See Addendum regarding the Meaning of Terms.

functions by the National Indian Gaming Commission, as primarily responsible for carrying out the Torres-Martinez Tribe's regulatory responsibilities under IGRA and the Tribal Gaming Ordinance. No person employed in, or in connection with, the management, supervision, or conduct of any gaming activity may be a member or employee of the Tribal Gaming Agency.

Sec. 2.21. "Torres-Martinez Tribe" or "Tribe" means the Torres-Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians, a federally-recognized Indian tribe listed on the Federal Register as the Torres-Martinez Band of Cahuilla Mission Indians, or an authorized official or agency thereof.

Sec. 3.0 CLASS III GAMING AUTHORIZED AND PERMITTED. The Torres-Martinez Tribe is hereby authorized and permitted to engage in only the Class III Gaming Activities expressly referred to in Section 4.0 and shall not engage in Class III gaming that is not expressly authorized in that Section.

Sec. 4.0. SCOPE OF CLASS III GAMING.

Sec. 4.1. Authorized and Permitted Class III Gaming. The Torres-Martinez Tribe is hereby authorized and permitted to operate the following Gaming Activities under the terms and conditions set forth in this Gaming Compact:

(a) Gaming Devices.

(b) Any banking or percentage card game.

(c) Any devices or games that are authorized under state law to the California State Lottery, provided that the Torres-Martinez Tribe will not offer such games through use of the Internet unless others in the state are permitted to do so under state and federal law.

(d) Nothing herein shall be construed to preclude negotiation of a separate compact governing the conduct of off-track wagering at the Torres-Martinez Tribe's Gaming Facility.

(e) In recognition that the scope of gaming permitted to Indian tribes in California under Tribal-State gaming compacts now in existence is governed by uniform language in each compact, the Torres-Martinez Tribe and the State acknowledge that the scope of Class III gaming permitted by this Gaming Compact is identical to the scope of Class III gaming permitted to any tribe under any compact now in existence, and will remain so during the duration of this Gaming Compact.

Sec. 4.2. Authorized Gaming Facilities. The Torres-Martinez Tribe may establish and operate not more than two Gaming Facilities on those Indian lands on which gaming may lawfully be conducted under the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act, the locations of which are specified in Appendices B and D of this Compact. The

Torres-Martinez Tribe may combine and operate in each Gaming Facility any forms and kinds of gaming permitted under law, except to the extent limited under IGRA, this Compact, or the Torres-Martinez Tribe's Gaming Ordinance.

Sec. 4.3. Authorized Number of Gaming Devices

Sec. 4.3.1. The Torres-Martinez Tribe may operate no more than 350 Gaming Devices. From and after the first day of operation of its first Gaming Facility, the Torres-Martinez Tribe shall pay a percentage of its Net Win from the operation of Gaming Devices to the California Gambling Control Commission, or such other State entity as may be designated by the Governor, for deposit into the General Fund pursuant to the following schedule:

Percentage of Net Win	Year of Operation Of First Gaming Facility
3%	1st
4%	2nd
5%	3rd and thereafter

Payments shall be made on a quarterly basis. The first payment shall be made at the conclusion of the first calendar quarter following the first day of operation of any Gaming Device.

Sec. 4.3.1.1. Additional Gaming Devices. The State recognizes that the Torres-Martinez Tribe lost much of the land given to it at the end of the nineteenth century. That loss was occasioned by a unique act of nature; one that was not suffered by any other California tribe. To redress that loss, the United States and the Torres-Martinez Tribe undertook litigation that lasted nearly two decades. Ultimately, the United States and the Torres-Martinez Tribe, among others, entered into the Settlement Agreement. After additional years of consideration, the United States Congress passed, and the President of the United States signed, legislation granting certain rights to the Torres-Martinez Tribe. Among these is the right to acquire land adjacent to Interstate 10, in the Secondary Acquisition Area, which will be taken into trust, under certain terms and conditions, and upon which the Torres-Martinez Tribe will be able to construct a sizeable gaming facility. To perfect those rights, the Torres Martinez Tribe must comply with the terms and conditions of the Settlement Agreement and the Federal Legislation. Under the Federal Legislation, that land will be deemed to have been taken into trust, for certain purposes here relevant, as of 1909. Clearly, it was the intent of the settling parties, the Congress, and the President of the United States that the Torres-Martinez Tribe be able to erect a full-scale gaming facility on the land so taken into trust. In recognition of that history, the State hereby agrees that on the date that the

Secretary of the Interior publishes notice in the Federal Register that land within the Secondary Acquisition Area described in Appendix B has been taken into trust for the Torres-Martinez Tribe for gaming purposes pursuant to the Settlement Agreement and the Federal Legislation, the number of Gaming Devices which the Torres-Martinez Tribe may operate shall be increased from 350 (as provided in Section 4.3.1 above) to a total of not more than 2,000; provided that the following terms are also met:

(a) As provided in the Settlement Agreement and the Federal Legislation:

(i) The Torres-Martinez Tribe shall have submitted to the Secretary of the Interior a written request to convey land in the Secondary Acquisition Area into trust, including the identity of the parties from whom the land was acquired; the location and legal description of the land at issue; a description of how the Torres-Martinez Tribe plans to use the land; a statement concerning the financial impact, if any, which the removal of such lands from the tax rolls may have on local government; and any other information which the Secretary may deem necessary or appropriate; and

(ii) The Secretary of the Interior shall have provided a copy of the Torres-Martinez Tribe's request to (A) the local government within whose incorporated boundaries the subject lands are situated or (B) Riverside County, California, in the event such lands are located within unincorporated areas; and

(iii) The Torres-Martinez Tribe has complied with Part 151.12 of Title 25, Code of Federal Regulations; and

(iv) The Secretary of Interior has not received written notification from (A) the local governing body of the incorporated city within whose incorporated boundaries the subject lands are situated or (B) the governing body of Riverside County, California, in the event that such lands are located within an unincorporated area, formally notifying the Secretary of Interior that such governing body, by majority vote, objects to the Torres-Martinez Tribe's request to convey the subject lands into trust and so notifies the Secretary of such objection within sixty (60) days of receiving a copy of the Torres-Martinez Tribe's request from the Secretary of Interior in accordance with paragraph VI.e. of the Settlement Agreement; and

(v) The lands conveyed in trust for the benefit of the Torres-Martinez Tribe are not situated within a one (1) mile radius of the reservation lands of any other federally-recognized Indian tribe; and

(vi) The Torres-Martinez Tribe shall have provided to the Coordinator copies of the notices referred to in this section at the same time those notices are

provided to the parties who are entitled to receive them under the terms of the Settlement Agreement and the Federal Legislation.

(b) The additional 1650 Gaming Devices may only be operated at the Riverside County Project site.

Sec. 4.3.2. Revenue Sharing with Non-Gaming Tribes.

(a) For the purposes of this Section 4.3.2 and Sections 4.3.1 and 5.0, the following definitions apply:

(i) A "Compact Tribe" is a tribe having a compact with the State that authorizes the Gaming Activities authorized by this Compact. Federally recognized tribes that are operating fewer than 350 Gaming Devices are "Non-Compact Tribes." Non-Compact Tribes shall be deemed third party beneficiaries of this and other compacts identical in all material respects. A Compact Tribe that becomes a Non-Compact Tribe may not thereafter return to the status of a Compact Tribe for a period of two (2) years after becoming a Non-Compact Tribe.

(ii) The Revenue Sharing Trust Fund is a fund created by the Legislature and administered by the California Gambling Control Commission, as Trustee, for the receipt, deposit, and distribution of monies paid pursuant to this Section 4.3.2.

(iii) The Special Distribution Fund is a fund created by the Legislature for the receipt, deposit, and distribution of monies paid pursuant to Section 5.0.

Sec. 4.3.2.1. Revenue Sharing Trust Fund.

(a) The Torres-Martinez Tribe agrees with all other Compact Tribes that are parties to compacts having this Section 4.3.2, that each Non-Compact Tribe in the State shall receive the sum of $1.1 million per year. In the event there are insufficient monies in the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund to pay $1.1 million per year to each Non-Compact Tribe, any available monies in that Fund shall be distributed to Non-Compact Tribes in equal shares. Monies in excess of the amount necessary to pay $1.1 million to each Non-Compact Tribe in any given year shall remain in the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund available for disbursement in future years.

(b) Payments made to Non-Compact Tribes shall be made quarterly and in equal shares out of the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund. The Commission shall serve as the trustee of the fund. The Commission shall have no discretion with respect to the use or disbursement of the trust funds. Its sole authority shall be to serve as a depository of the trust funds and to disburse them on a quarterly basis to Non-Compact Tribes. In no event shall the State's General Fund be obligated to make up any shortfall or pay any unpaid claims.

Sec. 4.3.2.2. The Torres-Martinez Tribe shall not conduct any Gaming Activity authorized by this Compact if the Torres-Martinez Tribe is more than two (2) quarterly contributions in arrears in its payments to the General Fund.

SEC. 5.0. REVENUE DISTRIBUTION

Sec. 5.1. The parties acknowledge that certain Compact Tribes make contributions to the Special Distribution Fund created by the Legislature.

Sec. 5.2. Use of funds. The Special Distribution Fund is available for appropriation by the Legislature for the following purposes: (a) grants, including any administrative costs, for programs designed to address gambling addiction; (b) grants, including any administrative costs, for the support of state and local government agencies impacted by tribal government gaming; (c) compensation for regulatory costs incurred by the State Gaming Agency and the State Department of Justice in connection with the implementation and administration of the Compact; (d) payment of shortfalls that may occur in the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund; and (e) any other purposes specified by the Legislature. It is the intent of the parties that Compact Tribes will be consulted in the process of identifying purposes for grants made to local governments.

Sec. 6.0. LICENSING.

Sec. 6.1. Gaming Ordinance and Regulations.

(a) All Gaming Activities conducted under this Gaming Compact shall, at a minimum, comply with a Gaming Ordinance duly adopted by the Torres-Martinez Tribe and approved in accordance with IGRA, and with all rules, regulations, procedures, specifications, and standards duly adopted by the Tribal Gaming Agency.

(b) The Torres-Martinez Tribe shall transmit a copy of its Gaming Ordinance to the California Gambling Control Commission or such other State entity as may be designated by the Governor, within twenty (20) days following execution of this Compact.

(c) The Tribal Gaming Agency shall transmit a copy of its rules, regulations, procedures, specifications, and standards, and any amendments thereto or to its Gaming Ordinance, to the California Gambling Control Commission or such other State entity as may be designated by the Governor, within twenty (20) days following adoption or amendment.

(d) The documents identified in subdivisions (b) and (c) above applicable to the public shall be made available to any member of the public upon request.

Sec. 6.2. Tribal Ownership, Management, and Control of Gaming Operation. The Gaming Operations authorized under this Gaming Compact shall be owned solely by the Torres-Martinez Tribe.

Sec. 6.3. Prohibition Regarding Minors. The Torres-Martinez Tribe shall not permit persons under the age of 21 years to be present in any room or area in which

Class III Gaming Activities are being conducted unless the person is enroute to a nongaming area of the Gaming Facility.

Sec. 6.4. Licensing Requirements and Procedures.

Sec. 6.4.1. Summary of Licensing Principles. All persons in any way connected with the Gaming Operation or Facility who are required to be licensed or to submit to a background investigation under IGRA, and any others required to be licensed under this Gaming Compact, including, but not limited to, all Gaming Employees and Gaming Resource Suppliers, and any other person having a significant influence over the Gaming Operation must be licensed by the Tribal Gaming Agency. The parties intend that the licensing process provided for in this Gaming Compact shall involve joint cooperation between the Tribal Gaming Agency and the State Gaming Agency, as more particularly described herein.

Sec. 6.4.2. Gaming Facility.

(a) The Gaming Facility authorized by this Gaming Compact shall be licensed by the Tribal Gaming Agency in conformity with the requirements of this Gaming Compact, the Tribal Gaming Ordinance, and IGRA. The license shall be reviewed and renewed, if appropriate, every two (2) years thereafter. The Torres-Martinez Tribe shall provide a copy of the initial license and each renewal license to the California Gambling Control Commission or such other State entity as may be designated by the Governor, within twenty (20) days after issuance of the license and each renewal. The active license or renewal thereof shall be posted in a conspicuous and public place in the Gaming Facility at all times.

(b) In order to protect the health and safety of all Gaming Facility patrons, guests, and employees, all Gaming Facilities of the Torres-Martinez Tribe constructed after the effective date of this Gaming Compact, and all expansions or modifications to a Gaming Facility in operation as of the effective date of this Compact, shall meet the building and safety codes of the Torres-Martinez Tribe, which, as a condition for engaging in that construction, expansion, modification, or renovation, shall amend its existing building and safety codes if necessary, or enact such codes if there are none, so that they meet the standards of either the building and safety codes of any county within the boundaries of which the site of the Facility is located, or the Uniform Building Codes, including all uniform fire, plumbing, electrical, mechanical, and related codes then in effect provided that nothing herein shall be deemed to confer jurisdiction upon any county or the State with respect to any reference to such building and safety codes. Any such construction, expansion or modification will also comply with the federal Americans with Disabilities Act, P.L. 101-336, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 12101 et seq.

(c) Any Gaming Facility in which gaming authorized by this Gaming Compact is conducted shall be issued a certificate of occupancy by the Tribal Gaming Agency prior to occupancy if it was not used for any Gaming Activities under IGRA prior to the effective date of this Gaming Compact, or, if it was so used, within one year thereafter. The issuance of this certificate shall be reviewed by the Tribal Gaming Agency for continuing compliance every two years thereafter. Inspections by qualified building and safety experts shall be conducted under the direction of the Tribal Gaming Agency as the basis for issuing any certificate hereunder. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall determine and certify that, as to new construction or new use for gaming, the Facility meets the Torres-Martinez Tribe's building and safety code, or, as to facilities or portions of facilities that were used for the Torres-Martinez Tribe's Gaming Activities prior to this Gaming Compact, that the facility or portions thereof do not endanger the health or safety of occupants or the integrity of the Gaming Operation. The Torres-Martinez Tribe will not offer Class III gaming in a Facility that is constructed or maintained in a manner that endangers the health or safety of occupants or the integrity of the gaming operation.

(d) The State shall designate an agent or agents to be given reasonable notice of each inspection by the Tribal Gaming Agency's experts, which state agents may accompany any such inspection. The Torres-Martinez Tribe agrees to correct any Gaming Facility condition noted in an inspection that does not meet the standards set forth in subdivisions (b) and (c). The Tribal Gaming Agency and the State's designated agent or agents shall exchange any reports of an inspection within ten (10) days after completion of the report, which reports shall also be separately and simultaneously forwarded by both agencies to the Tribal Chairperson. Upon certification by the Tribal Gaming Agency's experts that a Gaming Facility meets applicable standards, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall forward the experts' certification to the State within ten (10) days of issuance. If the State's agent objects to that certification, the Torres-Martinez Tribe shall make a good faith effort to address the State's concerns, but if the State does not withdraw its objection, the matter will be resolved in accordance with the dispute resolution provisions of Section 9.0.

Sec. 6.4.3. Suitability Standard Regarding Gaming Licenses. (a) In reviewing an application for a gaming license, and in addition to any standards set forth in the Tribal Gaming Ordinance, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall consider whether issuance of the license is inimical to public health, safety, or welfare, and whether issuance of the license will undermine public trust that the Torres-Martinez Tribe's Gaming Operations, or tribal government gaming generally, are free from criminal and dishonest elements and would be conducted honestly. A license may not be issued unless, based on all information and documents submitted, the Tribal

Gaming Agency is satisfied that the applicant is all of the following, in addition to any other criteria in IGRA or the Tribal Gaming Ordinance:

(a) A person of good character, honesty, and integrity.

(b) A person whose prior activities, criminal record (if any), reputation, habits, and associations do not pose a threat to the public interest or to the effective regulation and control of gambling, or create or enhance the dangers of unsuitable, unfair, or illegal practices, methods, or activities in the conduct of gambling, or in the carrying on of the business and financial arrangements incidental thereto.

(c) A person who is in all other respects qualified to be licensed as provided in this Gaming Compact, IGRA, the Tribal Gaming Ordinance, and any other criteria adopted by the Tribal Gaming Agency or the Torres-Martinez Tribe. An applicant shall not be found to be unsuitable solely on the ground that the applicant was an employee of a tribal gaming operation in California that was conducted prior to the effective date of this Compact.

Sec. 6.4.4. Gaming Employees. (a) Every Gaming Employee shall obtain, and thereafter maintain current, a valid tribal gaming license, which shall be subject to biennial renewal; provided that in accordance with Section 6.4.9, those persons may be employed on a temporary or conditional basis pending completion of the licensing process.

(b) Except as provided in subdivisions (c) and (d), the Torres-Martinez Tribe will not employ or continue to employ, any person whose application to the State Gaming Agency for a determination of suitability, or for a renewal of such a determination, has been denied or has expired without renewal.

(c) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), the Torres-Martinez Tribe may retain in its employ a person whose application for a determination of suitability, or for a renewal of such a determination, has been denied by the State Gaming Agency, if: (i) the person holds a valid and current license issued by the Tribal Gaming Agency that must be renewed at least biennially; (ii) the denial of the application by the State Gaming Agency is based solely on activities, conduct, or associations that antedate the filing of the person's initial application to the State Gaming Agency for a determination of suitability; (iii) the person is not an employee or agent of any other gaming operation; and (iv) the person has been in the continuous employ of the Torres-Martinez Tribe for at least three years prior to the effective date of this Compact.

(d) (1) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), the Torres-Martinez Tribe may employ or retain in its employ a person whose application for a determination of suitability, or for a renewal of such a determination, has been denied by the State Gaming Agency, if the person is an enrolled member of the Torres-Martinez Tribe, as defined in this subdivision, and if (A) the person holds a valid and current license

issued by the Tribal Gaming Agency that must be renewed at least biennially; (B) the denial of the application by the State Gaming Agency is based solely on activities, conduct, or associations that antedate the filing of the person's initial application to the State Gaming Agency for a determination of suitability; and (C) the person is not an employee or agent of any other gaming operation.

(2) For purposes of this subdivision, "enrolled member" means a person who is recognized by the Torres-Martinez Tribe as being a member pursuant to Article IV of its Tribal Constitution.

(e) Nothing herein shall be construed to relieve any person of the obligation to apply for a renewal of a determination of suitability as required by Section 6.5.6.

Sec. 6.4.5. Gaming Resource Supplier. Any Gaming Resource Supplier who, directly or indirectly, provides, has provided, or is deemed likely to provide at least twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) in Gaming Resources in any 12-month period, or who has received at least twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) in any consecutive 12-month period within the 24-month period immediately preceding application, shall be licensed by the Tribal Gaming Agency prior to the sale, lease, or distribution, or further sale, lease, or distribution, of any such Gaming Resources to or in connection with the Torres-Martinez Tribe's Operation or Facility. These licenses shall be reviewed at least every two years for continuing compliance. In connection with such a review, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall require the Supplier to update all information provided in the previous application. For purposes of Section 6.5.2, such a review shall be deemed to constitute an application for renewal. The Torres-Martinez Tribe shall not enter into, or continue to make payments pursuant to, any contract or agreement for the provision of Gaming Resources with any person whose application to the State Gaming Agency for a determination of suitability has been denied or has expired without renewal. Any agreement between the Torres-Martinez Tribe and a Gaming Resource Supplier shall be deemed to include a provision for its termination without further liability on the part of the Torres-Martinez Tribe, except for the bona fide repayment of all outstanding sums (exclusive of interest) owed as of, or payment for services or materials received up to, the date of termination, upon revocation or non-renewal of the Supplier's license by the Tribal Gaming Agency based on a determination of unsuitability by the State Gaming Agency.

Sec. 6.4.6. Financial Sources. Any person extending financing, directly or indirectly, to the Torres-Martinez Tribe's Gaming Facility or Gaming Operation shall be licensed by the Tribal Gaming Agency prior to extending that financing, provided that any person who is extending financing at the time of the execution of this Compact shall be licensed by the Tribal Gaming Agency within ninety (90) days of such execution. These licenses shall be reviewed at least every two years for

continuing compliance. In connection with such a review, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall require the Financial Source to update all information provided in the previous application. For purposes of Section 6.5.2, such a review shall be deemed to constitute an application for renewal. Any agreement between the Torres-Martinez Tribe and a Financial Source shall be deemed to include a provision for its termination without further liability on the part of the Torres-Martinez Tribe, except for the bona fide repayment of all outstanding sums (exclusive of interest) owed as of the date of termination, upon revocation or non-renewal of the Financial Source's license by the Tribal Gaming Agency based on a determination of unsuitability by the State Gaming Agency. The Torres-Martinez Tribe shall not enter into, or continue to make payments pursuant to, any contract or agreement for the provision of financing with any person whose application to the State Gaming Agency for a determination of suitability has been denied or has expired without renewal. A Gaming Resource Supplier who provides financing exclusively in connection with the sale or lease of Gaming Resources obtained from that Supplier may be licensed solely in accordance with licensing procedures applicable, if at all, to Gaming Resource Suppliers. The Tribal Gaming Agency may, at its discretion, exclude from the licensing requirements of this section, financing provided by a federally- or state-regulated bank, savings and loan, or other federally- or state-regulated lending institution; or any agency of the federal, state, or local government; or any investor who, alone or in conjunction with others, holds less than 10% of any outstanding indebtedness evidenced by bonds issued by the Torres-Martinez Tribe.

Sec. 6.4.7. Processing Tribal Gaming License Applications. Each applicant for a tribal gaming license shall submit the completed application along with the required information and an application fee, if required, to the Tribal Gaming Agency in accordance with the rules and regulations of that agency. At a minimum, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall require submission and consideration of all information required under IGRA, including Section 556.4 of Title 25 of the Code of Federal Regulations, for licensing primary management officials and key employees. For applicants who are business entities, these licensing provisions shall apply to the entity as well as: (i) each of its officers and directors; (ii) each of its principal management employees, including any chief executive officer, chief financial officer, chief operating officer, and general manager; (iii) each of its owners or partners, if an unincorporated business; (iv) each of its shareholders who owns more than 10 percent of the shares of the corporation, if a corporation; and (v) each person or entity (other than a financial institution that the Tribal Gaming Agency has determined does not require a license under the preceding section) that, alone or in combination with others, has provided financing in connection with any gaming

authorized under this Gaming Compact, if that person or entity provided more than 10 percent of (a) the start-up capital, (b) the operating capital over a 12-month period, or (c) a combination thereof. For purposes of this Section, where there is any commonality of the characteristics identified in clauses (i) to (v), inclusive, between any two or more entities, those entities may be deemed to be a single entity. Nothing herein precludes the Torres-Martinez Tribe or Tribal Gaming Agency from requiring more stringent licensing requirements.

Sec. 6.4.8. Background Investigations of Applicants. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall conduct or cause to be conducted all necessary background investigations reasonably required to determine that the applicant is qualified for a gaming license under the standards set forth in Section 6.4.3, and to fulfill all requirements for licensing under IGRA, the Tribal Gaming Ordinance, and this Gaming Compact. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall not issue other than a temporary license until a determination is made that those qualifications have been met. In lieu of completing its own background investigation, and to the extent that doing so does not conflict with or violate IGRA or the Tribal Gaming Ordinance, the Tribal Gaming Agency may contract with the State Gaming Agency for the conduct of background investigations, may rely on a state certification of non-objection previously issued under a gaming compact involving another tribe, or may rely on a State gaming license previously issued to the applicant, to fulfill some or all of the Tribal Gaming Agency's background investigation obligation. An applicant for a tribal gaming license shall be required to provide releases to the State Gaming Agency to make available to the Tribal Gaming Agency background information regarding the applicant. The State Gaming Agency shall cooperate in furnishing to the Tribal Gaming Agency that information, unless doing so would violate any agreement the State Gaming Agency has with a source of the information other than the applicant, or would impair or impede a criminal investigation, or unless the Tribal Gaming Agency cannot provide sufficient safeguards to assure the State Gaming Agency that the information will remain confidential or that provision of the information would violate state or federal law. If the Torres-Martinez Tribe adopts an ordinance confirming that Article 6 (commencing with section 11140) of Chapter 1 of Title 1 of Part 4 of the California Penal Code is applicable to members, investigators, and staff of the Tribal Gaming Agency, and those members, investigators, and staff thereafter comply with that ordinance, then, for purposes of carrying out its obligations under this Section, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall be considered to be an entity entitled to receive state summary criminal history information within the meaning of subdivision (b)(12) of section 11105 of the California Penal Code. The California Department of Justice shall provide services to the Tribal Gaming Agency through the California Law

Enforcement Telecommunications System (CLETS), subject to a determination by the CLETS advisory committee that the Tribal Gaming Agency is qualified for receipt of such services, and on such terms and conditions as are deemed reasonable by that advisory committee.

Sec. 6.4.9. Temporary Licensing of Gaming Employees. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, if the applicant has completed a license application in a manner satisfactory to the Tribal Gaming Agency, and that agency has conducted a preliminary background investigation, and the investigation or other information held by that agency does not indicate that the applicant has a criminal history or other information in his or her background that would either automatically disqualify the applicant from obtaining a license or cause a reasonable person to investigate further before issuing a license, or is otherwise unsuitable for licensing, the Tribal Gaming Agency may issue a temporary license and may impose such specific conditions thereon pending completion of the applicant's background investigation, as the Tribal Gaming Agency in its sole discretion shall determine. Special fees may be required by the Tribal Gaming Agency to issue or maintain a temporary license. A temporary license shall remain in effect until suspended or revoked, or a final determination is made on the application. At any time after issuance of a temporary license, the Tribal Gaming Agency may suspend or revoke it in accordance with Sections 6.5.1 or 6.5.5, and the State Gaming Agency may request suspension or revocation in accordance with subdivision (d) of Section 6.5.6. Nothing herein shall be construed to relieve the Torres-Martinez Tribe of any obligation under Part 558 of Title 25 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

Sec. 6.5. Gaming License Issuance. Upon completion of the necessary background investigation, the Tribal Gaming Agency may issue a license on a conditional or unconditional basis. Nothing herein shall create a property or other right of an applicant in an opportunity to be licensed, or in a license itself, both of which shall be considered to be privileges granted to the applicant in the sole discretion of the Tribal Gaming Agency.

Sec. 6.5.1. Denial, Suspension, or Revocation of Licenses.

(a) Any application for a gaming license may be denied, and any license issued may be revoked, if the Tribal Gaming Agency determines that the application is incomplete or deficient, or if the applicant is determined to be unsuitable or otherwise unqualified for a gaming license. Pending consideration of revocation, the Tribal Gaming Agency may suspend a license in accordance with Section 6.5.5. All rights to notice and hearing shall be governed by tribal law, as to which the applicant will be notified in writing along with notice of an intent to suspend or revoke the license.

(b) (i) Except as provided in paragraph (ii) below, upon receipt of notice that the State Gaming Agency has determined that a person would be unsuitable for licensure in a gambling establishment subject to the jurisdiction of the State Gaming Agency, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall promptly revoke any license that has theretofore been issued to the person; provided that the Tribal Gaming Agency may, in its discretion, re-issue a license to the person following entry of a final judgment reversing the determination of the State Gaming Agency in a proceeding in state court conducted pursuant to section 1085 of the California Civil Code.

(ii) Notwithstanding a determination of unsuitability by the State Gaming Agency, the Tribal Gaming Agency may, in its discretion, decline to revoke a tribal license issued to a person employed by the Torres-Martinez Tribe pursuant to Section 6.4.4(c) or Section 6.4.4(d).

Sec. 6.5.2. Renewal of Licenses; Extensions; Further Investigation. The term of a tribal gaming license shall not exceed two years, and application for renewal of a license must be made prior to its expiration. Applicants for renewal of a license shall provide updated material as requested, on the appropriate renewal forms, but, at the discretion of the Tribal Gaming Agency, may not be required to resubmit historical data previously submitted or that is otherwise available to the Tribal Gaming Agency. At the discretion of the Tribal Gaming Agency, an additional background investigation may be required at any time if the Tribal Gaming Agency determines the need for further information concerning the applicant's continuing suitability or eligibility for a license. Prior to renewing a license, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall deliver to the State Gaming Agency copies of all information and documents received in connection with the application for renewal.

Sec. 6.5.3. Identification Cards. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall require that all persons who are required to be licensed wear, in plain view at chest height at all times while in the Gaming Facility, identification badges issued by the Tribal Gaming Agency. Identification badges must display information including, but not limited to, a photograph and an identification number that is adequate to enable members of the public and agents of the Tribal Gaming Agency to readily identify the person and determine the validity and date of expiration of his or her license.

Sec. 6.5.4. Fees for Tribal License. The fees for all tribal licenses shall be set by the Tribal Gaming Agency.

Sec. 6.5.5. Suspension of Tribal License. The Tribal Gaming Agency may summarily suspend the license of any employee if the Tribal Gaming Agency determines that the continued licensing of the person or entity could constitute a threat to the public health or safety or may violate the Tribal Gaming Agency's licensing or other standards. Any right to notice or hearing in regard thereto shall be governed by Tribal law.

Sec. 6.5.6. State Certification Process. (a) Upon receipt of a completed license application and a determination by the Tribal Gaming Agency that it intends to issue the earlier of a temporary or permanent license, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall transmit to the State Gaming Agency a notice of intent to license the applicant, together with all of the following: (i) a copy of all tribal license application materials and information received by the Tribal Gaming Agency from the applicant; (ii) an original set of fingerprint cards; (iii) a current photograph; and (iv) except to the extent waived by the State Gaming Agency, such releases of information, waivers, and other completed and executed forms as have been obtained by the Tribal Gaming Agency. Except for an applicant for licensing as a non-key Gaming Employee, as defined by agreement between the Tribal Gaming Agency and the State Gaming Agency, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall require the applicant also to file an application with the State Gaming Agency, prior to issuance of a temporary or permanent tribal gaming license, for a determination of suitability for licensure under the California Gambling Control Act. Investigation and disposition of that application shall be governed entirely by state law, and the State Gaming Agency shall determine whether the applicant would be found suitable for licensure in a gambling establishment subject to that Agency's jurisdiction. Additional information may be required by the State Gaming Agency to assist it in its background investigation, provided that such State Gaming Agency requirement shall be no greater than that which may be required of applicants for a State gaming license in connection with nontribal gaming activities and at a similar level of participation or employment. A determination of suitability is valid for the term of the tribal license held by the applicant, and the Tribal Gaming Agency shall require a licensee to apply for renewal of a determination of suitability at such time as the licensee applies for renewal of a tribal gaming license. The State Gaming Agency and the Tribal Gaming Agency (together with tribal gaming agencies under other gaming compacts) shall cooperate in developing standard licensing forms for tribal gaming license applicants, on a statewide basis, that reduce or eliminate duplicative or excessive paperwork, which forms and procedures shall take into account the Torres-Martinez Tribe's requirements under IGRA and the expense thereof.

(b) Background Investigations of Applicants. Upon receipt of completed license application information from the Tribal Gaming Agency, the State Gaming Agency may conduct a background investigation pursuant to state law to determine whether the applicant would be suitable to be licensed for association with a gambling establishment subject to the jurisdiction of the State Gaming Agency. If further investigation is required to supplement the investigation conducted by the Tribal Gaming Agency, the applicant will be required to pay the statutory application fee charged by the State Gaming Agency pursuant to California Business and

Professions Code section 19951(a), as it may be amended from time to time, but any deposit requested by the State Gaming Agency pursuant to section 19867 of that Code, as it may be amended from time to time, shall take into account reports of the background investigation already conducted by the Tribal Gaming Agency and the NIGC, if any. Failure to pay the application fee or deposit may be grounds for denial of the application by the State Gaming Agency. The State Gaming Agency and Tribal Gaming Agency shall cooperate in sharing as much background information as possible, both to maximize investigative efficiency and thoroughness, and to minimize investigative costs. Upon completion of the necessary background investigation or other verification of suitability, the State Gaming Agency shall issue a notice to the Tribal Gaming Agency certifying that the State has determined that the applicant would be suitable, or that the applicant would be unsuitable, for licensure in a gambling establishment subject to the jurisdiction of the State Gaming Agency and, if unsuitable, stating the reasons therefor.

(c) The Torres-Martinez Tribe shall monthly provide the State Gaming Agency with the name, badge identification number, and job descriptions of all non-key Gaming Employees.

(d) Prior to denying an application for a determination of suitability, the State Gaming Agency shall notify the Tribal Gaming Agency and afford the Torres-Martinez Tribe an opportunity to be heard. If the State Gaming Agency denies an application for a determination of suitability, that Agency shall provide the applicant with written notice of all appeal rights available under state law.

Sec. 7.0. GAMING COMPLIANCE ENFORCEMENT.

Sec. 7.1. On-Site Regulation. It is the responsibility of the Tribal Gaming Agency to conduct on-site gaming regulation and control in order to enforce the terms of this Gaming Compact, IGRA, and the Tribal Gaming Ordinance with respect to Gaming Operation and Facility compliance, and to protect the integrity of the Gaming Activities, the reputation of the Torres-Martinez Tribe and the Gaming Operation for honesty and fairness, and the confidence of patrons that tribal government gaming in California meets the highest standards of regulation and internal controls. To meet those responsibilities, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall adopt and enforce regulations, procedures, and practices as set forth herein.

Sec. 7.2. Investigation and Sanctions. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall investigate any reported violation of this Gaming Compact and shall require the Gaming Operation to correct the violation upon such terms and conditions as the Tribal Gaming Agency determines are necessary. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall be empowered by the Tribal Gaming Ordinance to impose fines or other sanctions

within the jurisdiction of the Torres-Martinez Tribe against gaming licensees or other persons who interfere with or violate the Torres-Martinez Tribe's gaming regulatory requirements and obligations under IGRA, the Tribal Gaming Ordinance, or this Gaming Compact. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall report significant or continued violations of this Compact or failures to comply with its orders to the State Gaming Agency.

Sec. 7.3. Assistance by State Gaming Agency. The Torres-Martinez Tribe may request the assistance of the State Gaming Agency whenever it reasonably appears that such assistance may be necessary to carry out the purposes described in Section 7.1, or otherwise to protect public health, safety, or welfare. If requested by the Torres-Martinez Tribe or Tribal Gaming Agency, the State Gaming Agency shall provide requested services to ensure proper compliance with this Gaming Compact. The State shall be reimbursed for its actual and reasonable costs of that assistance, if the assistance required expenditure of extraordinary costs.

Sec. 7.4. Access to Premises by State Gaming Agency; Notification; Inspections. Notwithstanding that the Torres-Martinez Tribe and its Tribal Gaming Agency have the primary responsibility to administer and enforce the regulatory requirements of this Compact, the State Gaming Agency shall have the right to inspect the Torres-Martinez Tribe's Gaming Facility with respect to Class III Gaming Activities only, and all Gaming Operation or Facility records relating thereto, subject to the following conditions:

Sec. 7.4.1. Inspection of public areas of a Gaming Facility may be made at any time without prior notice during normal Gaming Facility business hours.

Sec. 7.4.2. Inspection of areas of a Gaming Facility not normally accessible to the public may be made at any time during normal Gaming Facility business hours, immediately after the State Gaming Agency's authorized inspector notifies the Tribal Gaming Agency of his or her presence on the premises, presents proper identification, and requests access to the non-public areas of the Gaming Facility. The Tribal Gaming Agency, in its sole discretion, may require a member of the Tribal Gaming Agency to accompany the State Gaming Agency inspector at all times that the State Gaming Agency inspector is in a non-public area of the Gaming Facility. If the Tribal Gaming Agency imposes such a requirement, it shall require such member to be available at all times for those purposes and shall ensure that the member has the ability to gain immediate access to all non-public areas of the Gaming Facility. Nothing in this Compact shall be construed to limit the State Gaming Agency to one inspector during inspections.

Sec. 7.4.3. (a) Inspection and copying of Gaming Operation papers, books, and records may occur at any time, immediately after notice to the Tribal Gaming Agency, during the normal hours of the Gaming Facility's business office, provided

that the inspection and copying of those papers, books or records shall not unreasonably interfere with the normal functioning of the Gaming Operation or Facility. Notwithstanding any other provision of California law, all information and records that the State Gaming Agency obtains, inspects, or copies pursuant to this Gaming Compact shall be, and remain, the property solely of the Torres-Martinez Tribe; provided that such records and copies may be retained by the State Gaming Agency as reasonably necessary for completion of any investigation of the Torres-Martinez Tribe's compliance with this Compact.

(b)(i) The State Gaming Agency will exercise utmost care in the preservation of the confidentiality of any and all non-public information and documents received from the Torres-Martinez Tribe, and will apply the highest standards of confidentiality expected under state law to preserve such non-public information and documents from disclosure. The Torres-Martinez Tribe may avail itself of any and all remedies under state law for improper disclosure of non-public information or documents. To the extent reasonably feasible, the State Gaming Agency will consult with representatives of the Torres-Martinez Tribe prior to disclosure of any non-public documents received from the Torres-Martinez Tribe, or any non-public documents compiled from such documents or from information received from the Torres-Martinez Tribe, including any disclosure compelled by judicial process, and, in the case of any disclosure compelled by judicial process, will endeavor to give the Torres-Martinez Tribe immediate notice of the order compelling disclosure and a reasonable opportunity to interpose an objection thereto with the court.

(ii) The Tribal Gaming Agency and the State Gaming Agency shall confer and agree upon protocols for release to other law enforcement agencies of information obtained during the course of background investigations.

(c) Records received by the State Gaming Agency from the Torres-Martinez Tribe in compliance with this Compact, or information compiled by the State Gaming Agency from those records, shall be exempt from disclosure under the California Public Records Act.

Sec. 7.4.4. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Compact, the State Gaming Agency shall not be denied access to papers, books, records, equipment, or places where such access is reasonably necessary to ensure compliance with this Compact.

Sec. 7.4.5. (a) Subject to the provisions of subdivision (b), the Tribal Gaming Agency shall not permit any Gaming Device to be transported to or from the Torres-Martinez Tribe's land except in accordance with procedures established by agreement between the State Gaming Agency and the Tribal Gaming Agency and upon at least ten (10) days' notice to the Sheriff's Department for the county in which the land is located.

(b) Transportation of a Gaming Device from the Gaming Facility within California is permissible only if: (i) The final destination of the device is a gaming facility of any tribe in California that has a compact with the State; (ii) The final destination of the device is any other state in which possession of the device or devices is made lawful by state law or by tribal-state compact; (iii) The final destination of the device is another country, or any state or province of another country, wherein possession of the device is lawful; or (iv) The final destination is a location within California for testing, repair, maintenance, or storage by a person or entity that has been licensed by the Tribal Gaming Agency and has been found suitable for licensure by the State Gaming Agency.

(c) Any Gaming Device transported off the Torres-Martinez Tribe's land in violation of this Section 7.4.5 or in violation of any permit issued pursuant thereto is subject to summary seizure by California peace officers.

Sec. 8.0. RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR THE OPERATION AND MANAGEMENT OF THE TRIBAL GAMING OPERATION.

Sec. 8.1. Adoption of Regulations for Operation and Management; Minimum Standards. In order to meet the goals set forth in this Gaming Compact and required of the Torres-Martinez Tribe by law, the Tribal Gaming Agency shall be vested with the authority to promulgate, and shall promulgate, at a minimum, rules and regulations or specifications governing the following subjects, and to ensure their enforcement in an effective manner:

Sec. 8.1.1. The enforcement of all relevant laws and rules with respect to the Gaming Operation and Facility, and the power to conduct investigations and hearings with respect thereto, and to any other subject within its jurisdiction.

Sec. 8.1.2. Ensuring the physical safety of Gaming Operation patrons and employees, and any other person while in the Gaming Facility. Nothing herein shall be construed to make applicable to the Tribe any state laws, regulations, or standards governing the use of tobacco.

Sec. 8.1.3. The physical safeguarding of assets transported to, within, and from the Gaming Facility.

Sec. 8.1.4. The prevention of illegal activity from occurring within the Gaming Facility or with regard to the Gaming Operation, including, but not limited to, the maintenance of employee procedures and a surveillance system as provided below.

Sec. 8.1.5. The recording of any and all occurrences within the Gaming Facility that deviate from normal operating policies and procedures (hereafter "incidents"). The Tribal Gaming Agency shall transmit copies of incident reports to the State Gaming Agency upon request. The procedure for recording incidents shall: (1) specify that security personnel record all incidents, regardless of an employee's

determination that the incident may be immaterial (all incidents shall be identified in writing); (2) require the assignment of a sequential number to each report; (3) provide for permanent reporting in indelible ink in a bound notebook from which pages cannot be removed and in which entries are made on each side of each page; and (4) require that each report include, at a minimum, all of the following:

(a) The record number.

(b) The date.

(c) The time.

(d) The location of the incident.

(e) A detailed description of the incident.

(f) The persons involved in the incident.

(g) The security department employee assigned to the incident.

Sec. 8.1.6. The establishment of employee procedures designed to permit detection of any irregularities, theft, cheating, fraud, or the like, consistent with industry practice.

Sec. 8.1.7. Maintenance of a list of persons barred from the Gaming Facility who, because of their past behavior, criminal history, or association with persons or organizations, pose a threat to the integrity of the Gaming Activities of the Torres-Martinez Tribe or to the integrity of regulated gaming within the State. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall transmit a copy of the list to the State Gaming Agency quarterly.

Sec. 8.1.8. The conduct of an audit of the Gaming Operation, not less than annually, by an independent certified public accountant, in accordance with the auditing and accounting standards for audits of casinos of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall transmit a copy of the audit to the State Gaming Agency annually.

Sec. 8.1.9. Submission to, and prior approval, from the Tribal Gaming Agency of the rules and regulations of each Class III game to be operated by the Torres-Martinez Tribe, and of any changes in those rules and regulations. No Class III game may be played that has not received Tribal Gaming Agency approval.

Sec. 8.1.10. Addressing all of the following:

(a) Maintenance of a copy of the rules, regulations, and procedures for each game as played, including, but not limited to, the method of play and the odds and method of determining amounts paid to winners;

(b) Specifications and standards to ensure that information regarding the method of play, odds, and payoff determinations shall be visibly displayed or available to patrons in written form in the Gaming Facility;

(c) Specifications ensuring that betting limits applicable to any gaming station shall be displayed at that gaming station;

(d) Procedures ensuring that in the event of a patron dispute over the application of any gaming rule or regulation, the matter shall be handled in accordance with, industry practice and principles of fairness, pursuant to the Tribal Gaming Ordinance and any rules and regulations promulgated by the Tribal Gaming Agency. A copy of the patron dispute procedures shall be made available to any patron upon request. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall transmit a copy of the procedures and any amendment thereto to the State Gaming Agency within twenty (20) days of adoption or amendment.

Sec. 8.1.11. Maintenance of a closed-circuit television surveillance system consistent with industry standards for gaming facilities of the type and scale operated by the Torres-Martinez Tribe, which system shall be approved by, and may not be modified without the approval of, the Tribal Gaming Agency. The Tribal Gaming Agency shall have current copies of the Gaming Facility floor plan and closed-circuit television system at all times, and any modifications thereof first shall be approved by the Tribal Gaming Agency.

Sec. 8.1.12. Maintenance of a cashier's cage in accordance with industry standards for such facilities.

Sec. 8.1.13. Specification of minimum staff and supervisory requirements for each Gaming Activity to be conducted.

Sec. 8.1.14. Technical standards and specifications for the operation of Gaming Devices and other games authorized herein to be conducted by the Torres-Martinez Tribe, which technical specifications may be no less stringent than those approved by a recognized gaming testing laboratory in the gaming industry.

Sec. 8.2. State Civil and Criminal Jurisdiction. Nothing in this Gaming Compact affects the civil or criminal jurisdiction of the State under Public Law 280 (18 U.S.C. Sec. 1162; 28 U.S.C. Sec. 1360) or IGRA, to the extent applicable. In addition, criminal jurisdiction to enforce state gambling laws is transferred to the State pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1166(d), provided that no Gaming Activity conducted by the Torres-Martinez Tribe pursuant to this Gaming Compact may be deemed to be a civil or criminal violation of any law of the State.

Sec. 8.3. (a) The Torres-Martinez Tribe shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that members of the Tribal Gaming Agency are free from corruption, undue influence, compromise, and conflicting interests in the conduct of their duties under this Compact; shall adopt a conflict-of-interest code to that end; and shall ensure (i) the prompt removal of any member of the Tribal Gaming Agency who is found to have acted in a corrupt or compromised manner and (ii) the enforcement of the Torres-Martinez Tribe's conflict of interest code.

(b) The Torres-Martinez Tribe shall conduct a background investigation on a prospective member of the Tribal Gaming Agency, who shall meet the background

requirements of a management contractor under IGRA; provided that, if such official is elected through a tribal election process, that official may not participate in any Tribal Gaming Agency matters under this Compact unless a background investigation has been concluded and the official has been found to be suitable. If requested by the tribal government or the Tribal Gaming Agency, the State Gaming Agency may assist in the conduct of such a background investigation and may assist in the investigation of any possible corruption or compromise of a member of the agency.

Sec. 8.4. In order to foster statewide uniformity of regulation of Class III gaming operations throughout the state, rules, regulations, standards, specifications, and procedures of the Tribal Gaming Agency in respect to any matter encompassed by Sections 6.0, 7.0, or 8.0 shall be consistent with regulations adopted by the State Gaming Agency in accordance with Section 8.4.1. Chapter 3.5 (commencing with section 11340) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the California Government Code does not apply to regulations adopted by the State Gaming Agency in respect to tribal gaming operations under this Section.

Sec. 8.4.1. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (d), no State Gaming Agency regulation shall be effective with respect to the Torres-Martinez Tribe's Gaming Operation unless it has first been approved by the Association and the Torres-Martinez Tribe has had an opportunity to review and comment on the proposed regulation.

(b) Every State Gaming Agency regulation that is intended to apply to the Torres-Martinez Tribe (other than a regulation proposed or previously approved by the Association) shall be submitted to the Association for consideration prior to submission of the regulation to the Torres-Martinez Tribe for comment as provided in subdivision (c). A regulation that is disapproved by the Association shall not be submitted to the Torres-Martinez Tribe for comment unless it is re-adopted by the State Gaming Agency as a proposed regulation, in its original or amended form, with a detailed, written response to the Association's objections.

(c) Except as provided in subdivision (d), no regulation of the State Gaming Agency shall be adopted as a final regulation with respect to the Torres-Martinez Tribe's Gaming Operation before the expiration of thirty (30) days after submission of the proposed regulation to the Torres-Martinez Tribe for comment as a proposed regulation, and after consideration of the Torres-Martinez Tribe's comments, if any.

(d) In exigent circumstances (e.g., imminent threat to public health and safety), the State Gaming Agency may adopt a regulation that becomes effective immediately. Any such regulation shall be accompanied by a detailed, written description of the exigent circumstances, and shall be submitted immediately to the Association for consideration. If the regulation is disapproved by the Association,

it shall cease to be effective, but may be re-adopted by the State Gaming Agency as a proposed regulation, in its original or amended form, with a detailed, written response to the Association's objections, and thereafter submitted to the Torres-Martinez Tribe for comment as provided in subdivision (c).

(e) The Torres-Martinez Tribe may object to a State Gaming Agency regulation on the ground that it is unnecessary, unduly burdensome, or unfairly discriminatory, or that it conflicts with a published final regulation of the NIGC, and may seek repeal or amendment of the regulation through the dispute resolution process of Section 9.0; provided that, if the regulation of the State Gaming Agency conflicts with a final published regulation of the NIGC, the NIGC regulation shall govern pending conclusion of the dispute resolution process.

Sec. 9.0. DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROVISIONS.

Sec. 9.1. Voluntary Resolution; Reference to Other Means of Resolution. In recognition of the government-to-government relationship of the Torres-Martinez Tribe and the State, the parties shall make their best efforts to resolve disputes that occur under this Gaming Compact by good faith negotiations whenever possible. Therefore, without prejudice to the right of either party to seek injunctive relief against the other when circumstances are deemed to require immediate relief, the parties hereby establish a threshold requirement that disputes between the Torres-Martinez Tribe and the State first be subjected to a process of meeting and conferring in good faith in order to foster a spirit of cooperation and efficiency in the administration and monitoring of performance and compliance by each other with the terms, provisions, and conditions of this Gaming Compact, as follows:

(a) Either party shall give the other, as soon as possible after the event giving rise to the concern, a written notice setting forth, with specificity, the issues to be resolved.

(b) The parties shall meet and confer in a good faith attempt to resolve the dispute through negotiation not later than ten (10) days after receipt of the notice, unless both parties agree in writing to an extension of time.

(c) If the dispute is not resolved to the satisfaction of the parties within thirty (30) calendar days after the first meeting, then either party may seek to have the dispute resolved by an arbitrator in accordance with this section, but neither party shall be required to agree to submit to arbitration.

(d) Disagreements that are not otherwise resolved by arbitration or other mutually acceptable means as provided in Section 9.3 may be resolved in the United States District Court where the Torres-Martinez Tribe's Gaming Facility is located, or is to be located, and the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals (or, if those federal courts lack jurisdiction, in any state court of competent jurisdiction and its related

courts of appeal). The disputes to be submitted to court action include, but are not limited to, claims of breach or violation of this Compact, or failure to negotiate in good faith as required by the terms of this Compact. In no event may the Torres-Martinez Tribe be precluded from pursuing any arbitration or judicial remedy against the State on the grounds that the Torres-Martinez Tribe has failed to exhaust its state administrative remedies. The parties agree that, except in the case of imminent threat to the public health or safety, reasonable efforts will be made to explore alternative dispute resolution avenues prior to resort to judicial process.

Sec. 9.2. Arbitration Rules. Arbitration shall be conducted in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Commercial Arbitration Rules of the American Arbitration Association, and shall be held on the Torres-Martinez Tribe's land or, if unreasonably inconvenient under the circumstances, at such other location as the parties may agree. Each side shall bear its own costs, attorneys' fees, and one-half the costs and expenses of the American Arbitration Association and the arbitrator, unless the arbitrator rules otherwise. Only one neutral arbitrator may be named, unless the Torres-Martinez Tribe or the State objects, in which case a panel of three arbitrators (one of whom is selected by each party) will be named. The provisions of Section 1283.05 of the California Code of Civil Procedure shall apply; provided that no discovery authorized by that section may be conducted without leave of the arbitrator. The decision of the arbitrator shall be in writing, give reasons for the decision, and shall be binding. Judgment on the award may be entered in any federal or state court having jurisdiction thereof.

Sec. 9.3. No Waiver or Preclusion of Other Means of Dispute Resolution. This Section 9.0 may not be construed to waive, limit, or restrict any remedy that is otherwise available to either party, nor may this Section be construed to preclude, limit, or restrict the ability of the parties to pursue, by mutual agreement, any other method of dispute resolution, including, but not limited to, mediation or utilization of a technical advisor to the Tribal and State Gaming Agencies; provided that neither party is under any obligation to agree to such alternative method of dispute resolution.

Sec. 9.4. Limited Waiver of Sovereign Immunity.

(a) In the event that a dispute is to be resolved in federal court or a state court of competent jurisdiction as provided in this Section 9.0, the State and the Torres-Martinez Tribe expressly consent to be sued therein and waive any immunity therefrom that they may have provided that:

(1) The dispute is limited solely to issues arising under this Gaming Compact;

(2) Neither side makes any claim for monetary damages (that is, only injunctive, specific performance, including enforcement of a provision of this Compact

requiring payment of money to one or another of the parties, or declaratory relief is sought); and

(3) No person or entity other than the Torres-Martinez Tribe and the State is party to the action, unless failure to join a third party would deprive the court of jurisdiction; provided that nothing herein shall be construed to constitute a waiver of the sovereign immunity of either the Torres-Martinez Tribe or the State in respect to any such third party.

(b) In the event of intervention by any additional party into any such action without the consent of the Torres-Martinez Tribe and the State, the waivers of either the Torres-Martinez Tribe or the State provided for herein may be revoked, unless joinder is required to preserve the court's jurisdiction; provided that nothing herein shall be construed to constitute a waiver of the sovereign immunity of either the Torres-Martinez Tribe or the State in respect to any such third party.

(c) The waivers and consents provided for under this Section 9.0 shall extend to civil actions authorized by this Compact, including, but not limited to, actions to compel arbitration, any arbitration proceeding herein, any action to confirm or enforce any judgment or arbitration award as provided herein, and any appellate proceedings emanating from a matter in which an immunity waiver has been granted. Except as stated herein or elsewhere in this Compact, no other waivers or consents to be sued, either express or implied, are granted by either party.

Sec. 10.0. PUBLIC AND WORKPLACE HEALTH, SAFETY, AND LIABILITY.

Sec. 10.1. The Torres-Martinez Tribe will not conduct Class III gaming in a manner that endangers the public health, safety, or welfare; and shall adhere with respect to its Gaming Facilities to all state laws or regulations governing the use of tobacco.

Sec. 10.2. Compliance. For the purposes of this Gaming Compact, the Tribal Gaming Operation shall:

(a) Adopt and comply with standards no less stringent than state public health standards for food and beverage handling. The Gaming Operation will allow inspection of food and beverage services by state or county health inspectors, during normal hours of operation, to assess compliance with these standards, unless inspections are routinely made by an agency of the United States government to ensure compliance with equivalent standards of the United States Public Health Service. Nothing herein shall be construed as submission of the Torres-Martinez Tribe to the jurisdiction of those state or county health inspectors, but any alleged violations of the standards shall be treated as alleged violations of this Compact.

(b) Adopt and comply with standards no less stringent than federal water quality and safe drinking water standards applicable in California; the Gaming Operation will allow for inspection and testing of water quality by state or county health inspectors, as applicable, during normal hours of operation, to assess compliance with these standards, unless inspections and testing are made by an agency of the United States pursuant to, or by the Torres-Martinez Tribe under express authorization of, federal law, to ensure compliance with federal water quality and safe drinking water standards. Nothing herein shall be construed as submission of the Torres-Martinez Tribe to the jurisdiction of those state or county health inspectors, but any alleged violations of the standards shall be treated as alleged violations of this Compact.

(c) Comply with the building and safety standards set forth in Section 6.4.

(d) Carry no less than five million dollars ($5,000,000) in public liability insurance for patron and other claims, and ensure that the Torres-Martinez Tribe will provide reasonable assurance that those claims will be promptly and fairly adjudicated, and that legitimate claims will be paid; provided that nothing herein requires the Torres-Martinez Tribe to agree to liability for punitive damages or attorneys' fees. On or before the effective date of this Compact or not less than thirty (30) days prior to the commencement of Gaming Activities under this Compact, whichever is later, the Torres-Martinez Tribe shall adopt and make available to patrons and others a tort liability ordinance setting forth the terms and conditions, if any, under which the Torres-Martinez Tribe waives immunity to suit for money damages resulting from intentional or negligent injuries to person or property at the Gaming Facility or in connection with the Torres-Martinez Tribe's Gaming Operation, including procedures for processing any claims for such money damages; provided that nothing in this Section shall require the Torres-Martinez Tribe to waive its immunity to suit except to the extent of the policy limits set out above. The policy of insurance that the Torres-Martinez Tribe acquires to fulfill the requirements of this Section shall contain a provision that the insurance carrier shall waive any right that it may have to raise as a defense the sovereign immunity of the Torres-Martinez Tribe from suit, but such waiver shall extend only to claims the amount and nature of which are within the coverage and limits of the policy and shall not authorize or empower such insurance carriers to waive or otherwise limit the Torres-Martinez Tribe's sovereign immunity outside and beyond the coverage or limits of the insurance policy. This insurance requirement itself does not imply or constitute a waiver of sovereign immunity.

(e) Adopt and comply with standards no less stringent than federal workplace and occupational health and safety standards; the Gaming Operation will allow for inspection of Gaming Facility workplaces by state inspectors, during normal hours

of operation, to assess compliance with these standards, unless inspections are regularly made by an agency of the United States government to ensure compliance with federal workplace and occupational health and safety standards. Nothing herein shall be construed as submission of the Torres-Martinez Tribe to the jurisdiction of those state inspectors, but any alleged violations of the standards shall be treated as alleged violations of this Compact.

(f) Comply with tribal codes and other applicable federal law regarding public health and safety.

(g) Adopt and comply with standards no less stringent than federal laws and state laws forbidding employers generally from discriminating in the employment of persons to work for the Gaming Operation or in the Gaming Facility on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, gender, sexual orientation, age, or disability; provided that nothing herein shall preclude the Torres-Martinez Tribe from giving a preference in employment to Indians, pursuant to a duly adopted tribal ordinance.

(h) Adopt and comply with standards that are no less stringent than state laws prohibiting a gaming enterprise from cashing any check drawn against a federal, state, county, or city fund, including but not limited to, Social Security, unemployment insurance, disability payments, or public assistance payments.

(i) Adopt and comply with standards that are no less stringent than state laws, if any, prohibiting a gaming enterprise from providing, allowing, contracting to provide, or arranging to provide alcoholic beverages, or food or lodging for no charge or at reduced prices at a gambling establishment or lodging facility as an incentive or enticement.

(j) Adopt and comply with standards that are no less stringent than state laws, if any, prohibiting extensions of credit.

(k) Comply with provisions of the Bank Secrecy Act, P.L. 91-508, October 26, 1970, 31 U.S.C. Sec. 5311-5314, as amended, and all reporting requirements of the Internal Revenue Service, insofar as such provisions and reporting requirements are applicable to casinos.

Sec. 10.2.1. The Torres-Martinez Tribe shall adopt and, not later than 30 days after the effective date of this Compact, shall transmit to the Coordinator or such other State entity as may be designated by the Governor, the standards described in subdivisions (a)-(c) and (e)-(k) of Section 10.2 to which the Gaming Operation is held. In the absence of a promulgated tribal standard in respect to a matter identified in those subdivisions, or the express adoption of an applicable federal statute or regulation in lieu of a tribal standard in respect to any such matter, the applicable state statute or regulation shall be deemed to have been adopted by the Torres-Martinez Tribe as the applicable standard.

Sec. 10.3 Participation in state statutory programs related to employment.

(a) In lieu of permitting the Gaming Operation to participate in the state statutory workers' compensation system, the Torres-Martinez Tribe may create and maintain a system that provides redress for employee work-related injuries through requiring insurance or self-insurance, which system must include a scope of coverage, availability of an independent medical examination, right to notice, hearings before an independent tribunal, a means of enforcement against the employer, and benefits comparable to those mandated for comparable employees under state law. Not later than the effective date of this Compact, or sixty (60) days prior to the commencement of Gaming Activities under this Compact, the Torres-Martinez Tribe will advise the State of its election to participate in the statutory workers' compensation system or, alternatively, will transmit to the Coordinator or such other State entity as may be designated by the Governor, all relevant ordinances that have been adopted and all other documents establishing the system and demonstrating that the system is fully operational and compliant with the comparability standard set forth above. The parties agree that independent contractors doing business with the Torres-Martinez Tribe must comply with all state workers' compensation laws and obligations.

(b) The Torres-Martinez Tribe agrees that its Gaming Operation will participate in the State's program for providing unemployment compensation benefits and unemployment compensation disability benefits with respect to employees employed at the Gaming Facility, including compliance with the provisions of the California Unemployment Insurance Code, and the Torres-Martinez Tribe consents to the jurisdiction of the state agencies charged with the enforcement of that Code and of the courts of the State of California for purposes of enforcement.

(c) As a matter of comity, with respect to persons employed at the Gaming Facility, other than members of the Torres-Martinez Tribe, the Tribal Gaming Operation shall withhold all taxes due to the State as provided in the California Unemployment Insurance Code and the Revenue and Taxation Code, and shall forward such amounts as provided in said Codes to the State.

Sec. 10.4. Emergency Service Accessibility. The Torres-Martinez Tribe shall make reasonable provisions for adequate emergency fire, medical, and related relief and disaster services for patrons and employees of the Gaming Facility.

Sec. 10.5. Alcoholic Beverage Service. Standards for alcohol service shall be subject to applicable law.

Sec. 10.6. Possession of firearms shall be prohibited at all times in the Gaming Facility except for state, local, or tribal security or law enforcement personnel authorized by tribal law and by federal or state law to possess fire arms at the Facility.

Sec. 10.7. Labor Relations.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Compact, this Compact shall be null and void if, on or before the thirtieth (30^{th}) day after the execution of the Compact by the Tribe, the Torres-Martinez Tribe has not provided an agreement or other procedure acceptable to the State for addressing organizational and representational rights of Class III Gaming Employees and other employees associated with the Torres-Martinez Tribe's Class III gaming enterprise, such as food and beverage, housekeeping, cleaning, bell and door services, and laundry employees at the Gaming Facility or any related facility, the only significant purpose of which is to facilitate patronage at the Gaming Facility.

Sec. 10.8. Off-Reservation Environmental Impacts.

Sec. 10.8.1. On or before the effective date of this Compact, or not less than 90 days prior to the commencement of a Project, as defined herein, the Torres-Martinez Tribe shall adopt an ordinance providing for the preparation, circulation, and consideration by the Torres-Martinez Tribe of environmental impact reports concerning potential off-Reservation environmental impacts of any and all Projects to be commenced on or after the effective date of this Compact. In fashioning the environmental protection ordinance, the Torres-Martinez Tribe will make a good faith effort to incorporate the policies and purposes of the National Environmental Policy Act and the California Environmental Quality Act consistent with the Torres-Martinez Tribe's governmental interests.

Sec. 10.8.1.1. Prior to the commencement of the Riverside County Project, the Torres-Martinez Tribe shall consult with the County of Riverside and the City of Coachella to develop site- or project-specific terms and conditions and will enter into written agreements with both Riverside County and Coachella that address the mitigation of significant environmental, economic and social effects stemming from Gaming Activities, including, but not limited to, each of the following areas: the sufficiency, sustainability, and quality of groundwater supplies; water supply, quality, and resources; waste water treatment and storm water requirements; air quality; solid waste management; hazardous waste management; fire and protective services; public health and safety; impacts during and of construction; increased traffic; noise; economic and social impacts; and protection of cultural, historical and biological resources. The Torres-Martinez Tribe will transmit a copy of these written agreements to the Coordinator or such other State entity as may be designated by the Governor, prior to the commencement of the Project.

Sec. 10.8.1.2. Prior to the commencement of the Imperial County Project, the Torres-Martinez Tribe shall consult with the County of Imperial to develop site- or project-specific terms and conditions, and will enter into a written agreement with Imperial County that addresses the mitigation of significant environmental,

economic and social effects stemming from Gaming Activities, including, but not limited to, each of the following areas: the sufficiency, sustainability, and quality of groundwater supplies; water supply, quality, and resources; waste water treatment and storm water requirements; air quality; solid waste management; hazardous waste management; fire and protective services; public health and safety; impacts during and of construction; increased traffic; noise; economic and social impacts; and protection of cultural, historical and biological resources. The Torres-Martinez Tribe will transmit a copy of this written agreement to the Coordinator or such other State entity as may be designated by the Governor, prior to the commencement of the Project.

Sec. 10.8.2. (a) Prior to commencement of a Project, the Torres-Martinez Tribe will:

(1) Inform the public of the planned Project;

(2) Take appropriate actions to determine whether the project will have any significant adverse impacts on the off-Reservation environment;

(3) For the purpose of receiving and responding to comments, submit all environmental impact reports concerning the proposed Project to the State Clearinghouse in the Office of Planning and Research and the county board of supervisors, for distribution to the public.

(4) Consult with the board of supervisors of the county or counties within which the Torres-Martinez Tribe's Gaming Facility is located, or is to be located, and, if the Gaming Facility is within a city, with the city council, and if requested by the board or council, as the case may be, meet with them to discuss mitigation of significant adverse off-Reservation environmental impacts;

(5) Meet with and provide an opportunity for comment by those members of the public residing off-Reservation within the vicinity of the Gaming Facility such as might be adversely affected by the proposed Project.

(b) During the conduct of a Project, the Torres-Martinez Tribe shall:

(1) Keep the board or council, as the case may be, and potentially affected members of the public apprised of the project's progress; and

(2) Make good faith efforts to mitigate any and all such significant adverse off-Reservation environmental impacts.

(c) As used in Sections 10.8.1, 10.8.1.1, 10.8.1.2 and this Section 10.8.2, the term "Project" means any expansion or any significant renovation or modification of an existing Gaming Facility, or any significant excavation, construction, or development associated with the Torres-Martinez Tribe's Gaming Facility or proposed Gaming Facility and the term "environmental impact reports" means any environmental assessment, environmental impact report, or environmental impact statement, as the case may be.

Sec. 10.8.3. (a) The Torres-Martinez Tribe and the State shall, from time to time, meet to review the adequacy of this Section 10.8, the Torres-Martinez Tribe's ordinance adopted pursuant thereto, and the Torres-Martinez Tribe's compliance with its obligations under Section 10.8.2, to ensure that significant adverse impacts to the off-Reservation environment resulting from projects undertaken by the Torres-Martinez Tribe may be avoided or mitigated.

(b) At any time after January 1, 2007, but not later than March 1, 2007, the State may request negotiations for an amendment to this Section 10.8 on the ground that, as it presently reads, the Section has proven to be inadequate to protect the off-Reservation environment from significant adverse impacts resulting from Projects undertaken by the Torres-Martinez Tribe or to ensure adequate mitigation by the Torres-Martinez Tribe of significant adverse off-Reservation environmental impacts and, upon such a request, the Torres-Martinez Tribe will enter into such negotiations in good faith.

(c) On or after January 1, 2008, the Torres-Martinez Tribe may bring an action in federal court under 25 U.S.C. Sec. 2710(d)(7)(A)(i) on the ground that the State has failed to negotiate in good faith, provided that the Torres-Martinez Tribe's good faith in the negotiations shall also be in issue. In any such action, the court may consider whether the State's invocation of its rights under subdivision (b) of this Section 10.8.3 was in good faith. If the State has requested negotiations pursuant to subdivision (b) but, as of January 1, 2009, there is neither an agreement nor an order against the State under 25 U.S.C. Sec. 2710(d)(7)(B)(iii), then, on that date, the Torres-Martinez Tribe shall immediately cease construction and other activities on all projects then in progress that have the potential to cause adverse off-Reservation impacts, unless and until an agreement to amend this Section 10.8 has been concluded between the Torres-Martinez Tribe and the State.

Sec. 11.0. EFFECTIVE DATE AND TERM OF COMPACT.

Sec. 11.1. Effective Date. This Gaming Compact shall not be effective unless and until all of the following have occurred:

(a) The Compact is ratified by statute in accordance with state law; and

(b) Notice of approval or constructive approval is published in the Federal Register as provided in 25 U.S.C. Sec. 2710(d)(3)(B).

Sec. 11.2. Term of Compact; Termination.

Sec. 11.2.1. Effective. (a) Once effective this Compact shall be in full force and effect for state law purposes until December 31, 2024. No sooner than eighteen (18) months prior to the aforementioned termination date, either party may request the other party to enter into negotiations to extend this Compact or to enter into a new compact. If the parties have not agreed to extend the date of this Compact nor

entered into a new compact by the termination date, this Compact will automatically be extended to June 30, 2026, unless the parties have agreed to an earlier termination date.

(b) Either party may bring an action in federal court, after providing a sixty (60) day written notice of an opportunity to cure any alleged breach of this Compact, for a declaration that the other party has materially breached this Compact. Upon issuance of such a declaration, the complaining party may unilaterally terminate this Compact upon service of written notice on the other party. In the event a federal court determines that it lacks jurisdiction over such an action, the action may be brought in the superior court for the county in which the Torres-Martinez Tribe's Gaming Facility is located. The parties expressly waive their immunity to suit for purposes of an action under this subdivision, subject to the qualifications stated in Section 9.4(a).

Sec. 12.0. AMENDMENTS; RENEGOTIATIONS.

Sec. 12.1. The terms and conditions of this Gaming Compact may be amended at any time by the mutual and written agreement of both parties.

Sec. 12.2. (a) This Gaming Compact is subject to renegotiation in the event the Torres-Martinez Tribe wishes to engage in forms of Class III gaming other than those games authorized herein and requests renegotiation for that purpose, provided that no such renegotiation may be sought for twelve (12) months following the effective date of this Gaming Compact.

(b) Nothing herein shall be construed to constitute a waiver of any rights under IGRA in the event of an expansion of the scope of permissible gaming resulting from a change in state law.

Sec. 12.3. Process and Negotiation Standards. All requests to amend or renegotiate this Gaming Compact shall be in writing, addressed to the Tribal Chairperson or the Governor, as the case may be, and shall include the activities or circumstances to be negotiated, together with a statement of the basis supporting the request. If the request meets the requirements of this Section, the parties shall confer promptly and determine a schedule for commencing negotiations within thirty (30) days of the request. Unless expressly provided otherwise herein, all matters involving negotiations or other amendatory processes under Section 4.3.3(b) and this Section 12.0 shall be governed, controlled, and conducted in conformity with the provisions and requirements of IGRA, including those provisions regarding the obligation of the State to negotiate in good faith and the enforcement of that obligation in federal court. The Chairperson of the Torres-Martinez Tribe and the Governor of the State are hereby authorized to designate the

person or agency responsible for conducting the negotiations, and shall execute any documents necessary to do so.

Sec. 12.4. In the event the exclusive right of Indian tribes to operate Gaming Devices in California is abrogated by the enactment, amendment, or repeal of a state statute or constitutional provision, or the conclusive and dispositive judicial construction of a statute or the state Constitution by a California appellate court after the effective date of this Compact, that Gaming Devices may lawfully be operated by another person, organization, or entity (other than an Indian tribe pursuant to a compact) within California, the Torres-Martinez Tribe shall have the right to: (i) termination of this Compact, in which case the Torres-Martinez Tribe will lose the right to operate Gaming Devices and other Class III gaming, or (ii) continuation under the Compact with an entitlement to a reduction of the rates specified in Section 5.1(a) following conclusion of negotiations, to provide for (a) compensation to the State for actual and reasonable costs or regulation, as determined by the state Department of Finance; (b) reasonable payments to local governments impacted by tribal government gaming; (c) grants for programs designed to address gambling addiction; and (d) such assessments as may be permissible at such time under federal law.

Sec. 12.5. The parties recognize that, if, pursuant to Section 4.3.1.1, the number of Gaming Devices which may be operated by the Torres-Martinez Tribe increases from 350 to up to 2,000, then the Torres-Martinez Tribe shall be required to pay additional amounts to the State with respect to those additional Gaming Devices. Accordingly, the Torres-Martinez Tribe agrees that it shall give the State no less than one hundred and eighty (180) days notice of the date on which it anticipates land in the Secondary Acquisition Area will be taken into trust. Within thirty (30) days of receipt of that notice, the State and the Torres-Martinez Tribe will enter into good faith negotiations to agree upon provisions for such additional payments. If, at that time, the State has entered into a Compact (or an amended Compact) with any other tribe authorized to operate more than 1,500 Gaming Devices that contains financial provisions (a) different from those contained in Sections 4 and 5 of the compacts entered into in 1999, and (b) which the Torres-Martinez Tribe elects to apply to it, then this Compact shall be amended to incorporate those provisions. If there are no such financial provisions or the Torres-Martinez Tribe does not elect to have such financial provisions apply to it, then the State and the Torres-Martinez Tribe shall enter into good faith negotiations to agree upon appropriate provisions to take effect not later than the date upon which land in the Secondary Acquisition Area is taken into trust by the United States. The provisions contained in Section 4.3.1 shall not be considered either a floor or a ceiling in the negotiation of financial provisions relating to increase in the number of Gaming Devices which may be

operated by the Torres-Martinez Tribe to up to 2,000. The Torres-Martinez Tribe agrees that it will not put any additional Gaming Devices, *i.e.*, more than 350, into operation unless and until this Compact is amended to provide mutually agreeable terms of payment. If the State enters into a compact that authorizes any tribe to operate more than the maximum number of Gaming Devices allowed to any tribe as of the effective date of this Compact, then, at the request of the Torres-Martinez Tribe, the parties will negotiate in good faith for a similar increase in the maximum number of Gaming Devices that may be operated by the Torres-Martinez Tribe; provided that the Torres-Martinez Tribe agrees that as part of those negotiations it will agree to provide to the State whatever consideration (financial and otherwise) is contained in the compact that authorizes that increased number of Gaming Devices.

Sec. 12.6. If requested to do so by either party in March 2008, and every fourth March thereafter, the parties will promptly commence negotiations in good faith concerning any matter encompassed by this Compact. Nothing in this Section shall prevent the parties from mutually agreeing to amend this Compact at other times.

Sec. 13.0 NOTICES.

Unless otherwise indicated by this Gaming Compact, all notices required or authorized to be served shall be served by first-class mail at the following addresses, or to such other address as either party may designate by written notice to the other:

Governor
State Capitol
Sacramento, California 95814

Tribal Chairperson
Torres-Martinez Desert
Cahuilla Indians
P.O. Box 1160
Thermal, California 92274

Sec. 14.0. CHANGES IN IGRA.

This Gaming Compact is intended to meet the requirements of IGRA as it reads on the effective date of this Gaming Compact, and when reference is made to the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act or to an implementing regulation thereof, the referenced provision is deemed to have been incorporated into this Compact as if set out in full. Subsequent changes to IGRA that diminish the rights of the State or the Torres-Martinez Tribe may not be applied retroactively to alter the terms of this Gaming Compact, except to the extent that federal law validly mandates that retroactive application without the State's or the Torres-Martinez Tribe's respective consent.

Sec. 15.0. MISCELLANEOUS.

Sec. 15.1. Third Party Beneficiaries. Except to the extent expressly provided under this Gaming Compact, this Gaming Compact is not intended to, and shall not be construed to, create any right on the part of a third party to bring an action to enforce any of its terms.

Sec. 15.2. Complete agreement; revocation of prior requests to negotiate. This Gaming Compact, together with all addenda and approved amendments, sets forth the full and complete agreement of the parties and supersedes any prior agreements or understandings with respect to the subject matter hereof.

Sec. 15.3. Construction. Neither the presence in another tribal-state compact of language that is not included in this Compact, nor the absence in this Compact of language that is present in another tribal-state compact shall be a factor in construing the terms of this Compact.

Sec. 15.4. Representations.

By entering into this Compact, the Torres-Martinez Tribe expressly represents that, as of the date of the Torres-Martinez Tribe's execution of this Compact: (a) the undersigned has the authority to execute this Compact on behalf of the Torres-Martinez Tribe and will provide written proof of such authority and ratification of this Compact by the tribal governing body no later than thirty (30) days after the execution of this Compact; and (b) the Torres-Martinez Tribe is (i) recognized as eligible by the Secretary of the Interior for special programs and services provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as Indians, and (ii) recognized by the Secretary of the Interior as possessing powers of self-government. In entering into this Compact, the State expressly relies upon the foregoing representations by the Torres-Martinez Tribe, and the State's entry into the Compact is expressly made contingent upon the truth of those representations as of the date of the Torres-Martinez Tribe's execution of this Compact. Failure to provide written proof of authority to execute this Compact or failure to provide written proof of ratification by the Torres-Martinez Tribe's governing body will give the State the opportunity to declare this Compact null and void.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned sign this Compact on behalf of the State of California and the Torres-Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians.

Done at Sacramento, California, this 12th day of August 2003.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

By Gray Davis
Governor of the State of California

TORRES-MARTINEZ DESERT CAHUILLA INDIANS

By Raymond Torres
Chairperson of the Torres-Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians

ATTEST:

By Kevin Shelley
Secretary of State, State of California

Addendum Regarding the Meaning of Terms

Generally accepted accounting principles and generally accepted auditing standards apply to casinos.

The term "Net Win", defined in Section 2.15 "as defined by American Institute of Certified Public Accountants", refers to the AICPA Audit and Accounting Guide, Audits of Casinos, Appendix F, definition of "gross gaming revenue (win)", which reads, "The net win from gaming activities, which is the difference between gaming wins and losses before deducting costs and expenses."

ADDENDUM "A" TO TRIBAL-STATE GAMING COMPACT
BETWEEN THE TORRES-MARTINEZ DESERT CAHUILLA INDIANS
AND THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Section 10.1 is modified to read as follows:

Sec. 10.1. The Torres-Martinez Tribe will not conduct Class III gaming in a manner that endangers the public health, safety, or welfare; provided that nothing herein shall be construed to make applicable to the Torres-Martinez Tribe any state laws or regulations governing the use of tobacco.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned sign this Addendum on behalf of the State of California and the Torres-Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

By Gray Davis
Governor of the State of California

Executed this 29th day of August, 2003, at Sacramento, California

TORRES-MARTINEZ DESERT CAHUILLA INDIANS

By Raymond Torres
Chairman of the Torres-Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians

Executed this 26 day of August, 2003, at Torres Martinez California

Consistent with 25 U.S.C.A. Sec. 2710(d)(8), the Compact between the Sovereign Nation of the Torres-Martinez Desert Cahuilla Indians and Sovereign State of California is hereby approved on this 26th day of November, 2003 by the Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs, United States Department of the Interior.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Aurene M Martin

Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary – Indian Affairs